Ch. 1 Introduction to Statistics

1.1 An Overview of Statistics

1 Distinguish Between a Population and a Sample

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Identify the population and the sample.

- 1) A survey of 1378 American households found that 27% of the households own a computer.
- 2) When 1094 American households were surveyed, it was found that 67% of them owned two cars.
- 3) A survey of 2625 elementary school children found that 28% of the children could be classified as obese.

2 Distinguish Between a Parameter and a Statistic

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Determine whether the numerical value is a parameter or a statistic. Explain your reasoning.

- 4) A recent survey by the alumni of a major university indicated that the average salary of 10,500 of its 175,000 graduates was \$95,000.
- 5) The average salary of all assembly-line employees at a certain car manufacturer is \$41,000...
- 6) A survey of 1162 students was taken from a university with 10,000 students.

3 Distinguish Between Descriptive Statistics and Inferential Statistics

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Identify whether the statement describes inferential statistics or descriptive statistics.

- 7) The average age of the students in a statistics class is 19 years.
 - A) descriptive statistics

- B) inferential statistics
- 8) The chances of winning the California Lottery are one chance in twenty-two million.
 - A) inferential statistics

- B) descriptive statistics
- 9) There is a relationship between smoking cigarettes and getting emphysema.
 - A) inferential statistics

- B) descriptive statistics
- 10) From past figures, it is predicted that 19% of the registered voters in California will vote in the June primary.
 - A) inferential statistics

- B) descriptive statistics
- 11) Based on previous clients, a marriage counselor concludes that the majority of marriages that begin with cohabitation before marriage will result in divorce.
 - A) inferential statistics

B) descriptive statistics

4 Concepts

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Provide an appropriate response.

- 12) Explain the difference between a sample and a population.
- 13) If you had to do a statistical study, would you use a sample or a population? Why?

1.2 Data Classification

1 Distinguish Between Qualitative and Quantitative Data

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Determine whether the data are qualitat								
 the colors of automobiles on a A) qualitative 	B) quantitative							
2) the number of complaint letter A) quantitative	rs received by the United Stat	tates Postal Service in a given day B) qualitative						
3) the number of seats in a movie A) quantitative	B) qualitative							
4) the numbers on the shirts of a a A qualitative	B) quantitative							
2 Classify Data with Respect to the Fou	ır Levels of Measurement							
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alt	ernative that best completes	the statement or answers the	question.					
Identify the data set's level of measurem								
5) hair color of women on a high A) nominal	school tennis team B) ordinal	C) interval	D) ratio					
6) numbers on the shirts of a girl'								
A) nominal	B) ordinal	C) interval	D) ratio					
7) ages of students in a statistic clA) ratio	ass B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal					
8) temperatures of 12 selected ref A) interval	rigerators B) ordinal	C) nominal	D) ratio					
9) number of milligrams of tar in	85 cigarettes							
A) ratio	B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal					
10) number of pages in your statis	tics book							
A) ratio	B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal					
11) marriage status (married, single, or divorced) of the faculty at the University of Colorado								
A) nominal	B) ordinal	C) interval	D) ratio					
12) list of 1202 social security num	bers							
A) nominal	B) ordinal	C) interval	D) ratio					
13) the ratings of a movie ranging A) ordinal	from "poor" to "good" to "exc B) nominal	ellent" C) interval	D) ratio					
,	,	,	,					
14) the final grades (A, B, C, D, and A) ordinal	d F) for students in a statistics B) nominal	s class C) interval	D) ratio					
15) the annual salaries for all teach A) ratio	ers in California B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal					

B) ordinal	C) interval	D) ratio
ecent survey (for exampl B) ordinal	e, Asian, European, or Hispani C) interval	c). D) ratio
) in 52 cookies B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal
pics were held in the Uni B) ordinal		D) ratio
red by a major universit	y in five randomly selected gan	nes
B) ordinal	C) interval	D) nominal
res (in degrees Fahrenhe	it) on five randomly selected d	ays
B) nominal	C) ordinal	D) ratio
le" or "unacceptable" B) nominal	C) ratio	D) interval
ne top ten movies with re B) nominal	espect to ticket sales in 2007 C) ordinal	D) interval
ntal axis in the graph		
hicles		
	ecent survey (for example B) ordinal i) in 52 cookies B) ordinal pics were held in the Unit B) ordinal red by a major university B) ordinal res (in degrees Fahrenhe B) nominal le" or "unacceptable" B) nominal ne top ten movies with real B) nominal netal axis in the graph hicles	ecent survey (for example, Asian, European, or Hispani B) ordinal C) interval o) in 52 cookies B) ordinal C) interval pics were held in the United States B) ordinal C) nominal red by a major university in five randomly selected gan B) ordinal C) interval res (in degrees Fahrenheit) on five randomly selected d B) nominal C) ordinal le" or "unacceptable" B) nominal C) ratio ne top ten movies with respect to ticket sales in 2007 B) nominal C) ordinal ntal axis in the graph hicles

C) ordinal

D) ratio

Dodge

Ford Explorer

B) interval

Chevrolet Silverado

A) nominal

25) the data listed on the horizontal axis in the graph





A) ratio

B) nominal

C) ordinal

D) interval

3 Concepts

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Provide an appropriate response.

- 26) Explain the differences between the interval and ratio levels of measurement.
- 27) Explain why data expressed with the Celsius temperature scale is at the interval level of measurement rather than the ratio level.

1.3 Data Collection and Experimental Design

1 Decide on Methods of Data Collection

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Decide which method of data collection you would use to collect data for the study. Specify either observational study, experiment, simulation, or survey.

1) A study where a drug was given to 23 patients and a placebo to another group of 23 patients to determine if the drug has an effect on a patient's illness

A) experiment

B) simulation

C) survey

- D) observational study
- 2) A study of the salaries of college professors in a particular state

A) survey

B) simulation

C) experiment

- D) observational study
- 3) A study where a political pollster wishes to determine if his candidate is leading in the polls

A) observational study

B) simulation

C) experiment

D) survey

4) A study where you would like to determine the chance getting three girls in a family of three children

A) simulation

B) survey

C) experiment

D) observational study

5) A study to evaluate the success of a new experimental procedure performed on 35 patients at one hospital

A) census

B) simulation

C) experiment

D) observational study

2 Identify a Biased Sample

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Provide an appropriate response.

- 6) Explain what bias there is in a study done entirely online.
- 7) A report sponsored by the California Citrus Commission stated that cholesterol levels can be lowered by drinking at least one glass of a citrus product each day. Determine if the report is biased.
- 8) A local newspaper ran a survey by asking, "Do you support the deployment of a weapon that could kill millions of innocent people?" Determine whether the survey question is biased.

3 Identify Sampling Techniques

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

		eniors are randomly sele	ected from 538 sophome	ores, 448 junior
394 seniors at a certa	C			
A) stratified	B) random	C) cluster	D) convenience	E) systema
10) Every fifth person be	oarding a plane is search	ned thoroughly.		
A) systematic	B) random	C) cluster	D) convenience	E) stratified
11) At a local communit each class are interv	ty college, five statistics of iewed.	classes are randomly sel	ected out of 20 and all c	of the students f
A) cluster	B) random	C) convenience	D) systematic	E) stratified
12) A researcher randon	mly selects and interview	s fifty male and fifty fe	nale teachers.	
A) stratified	B) random	C) cluster	D) convenience	E) systema
A) cluster	B) random	C) convenience	D) systematic	E) stratifie
,	,	,	, ,	E) stratified
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that own a car.	ge student interviews eve	•	ss to determine the perce	C
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that own a car. A) convenience 15) Based on 12,500 resp	B) random ponses from 48,000 ques	C) cluster tionnaires sent to its alu	D) systematic	E) stratified
that own a car. A) convenience 15) Based on 12,500 resp	B) random	C) cluster tionnaires sent to its alu	D) systematic	E) stratified
that own a car. A) convenience 15) Based on 12,500 respannual salary of its a A) random 16) In a recent television	B) random ponses from 48,000 ques alumni was \$78,500 per y B) stratified	C) cluster tionnaires sent to its alu year. C) cluster ere asked to answer "yes	D) systematic mni, a major university D) convenience " or "no" to the question	E) stratified estimated that E) systeman "Are you in fa
that own a car. A) convenience 15) Based on 12,500 respannual salary of its a A) random 16) In a recent television of the death penalty	B) random ponses from 48,000 ques alumni was \$78,500 per y B) stratified n survey, participants we ?" Six thousand five hun	C) cluster tionnaires sent to its alu year. C) cluster ere asked to answer "yes	D) systematic mni, a major university D) convenience " or "no" to the question	E) stratified estimated that E) systeman "Are you in fa
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C) cluster

D) stratified

E) convenience

B) random

A) systematic

			t resear	rcher rar	ndomly s B) ran			rs under (C) cluste	-	age and 200 d D) conven		55 years of age. E) systematic
	,				,			,		,		, ,
	20) To a	void	worki	ng late, t	the quali	ity contr	ol manag	ger inspe	cts the last !	50 items prod	uced that da	av.
	-		nvenien	_	B) ran	•	•	C) cluste		D) stratifie		E) systematic
				0 contes	tants are	written	on 40 ca	rds. The	cards are p	laced in a bag	, and three i	names are picked
			bag. idom		B) stra	atified		C) cluste	er	D) conven	ience	E) systematic
	22) A res		cher ra	ndomly	selected	25 of the	e nation'	s middle	schools and	d interviewed	all of the te	achers at each
		clu)	ster		B) ran	dom		C) strati	fied	D) conven	ience	E) systematic
SHOI	RT ANSW	ER.	Write	the wor	d or phr	ase that	best com	pletes ea	ch stateme	nt or answers	the question	n.
Dwarr	do en env		#: a ta #a									
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	a sar	nple	of 30 c	of them t	o compl	ete rega	_	eir drinki		researcher wis Select the nun		questionnaires to first five
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		-	_	-	culty me imittee n			replacer	nent, select	the numbers	of the five n	nembers who will
	1634	8 !	76938	90169	51392	55887	71015	09209	79157			
												acted and asked random sample.
	1634	8 !	76938	90169	51392	55887	71015	09209	79157			
4 Co	ncepts											

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Provide an appropriate response.

- 27) Explain the differences between cluster sampling and stratified sampling.
- 28) Explain the difference between a census and a sampling and describe the advantages and disadvantages of each.

Ch. 1 Introduction to Statistics Answer Key

1.1 An Overview of Statistics

1 Distinguish Between a Population and a Sample

- 1) population: collection of all American households; sample: collection of 1378 American households surveyed
- 2) population: collection of all American households; sample: collection of 1094 American households surveyed
- 3) population: elementary school children; sample: collection of 2625 elementary school children surveyed.

2 Distinguish Between a Parameter and a Statistic

- 4) It describes a statistic because the number \$95,000 is based on a subset of the population.
- 5) It describes a parameter because the \$41,000 is based on all the workers at the car manufacturer.
- 6) It describes a statistic because the number 1162 is based on a subset of the population.
- 3 Distinguish Between Descriptive Statistics and Inferential Statistics
 - 7) A
 - 8) A
 - 9) A
 - 10) A
 - 11) A

4 Concepts

- 12) A population is the collection of *all* outcomes, responses, measurements, or counts that are of interest.. A sample is a subset of a population.
- 13) A sample would be used. It is usually impractical to obtain all the population data.

1.2 Data Classification

- 1 Distinguish Between Qualitative and Quantitative Data
 - 1) A
 - 2) A
 - 3) A
 - 4) A
- 2 Classify Data with Respect to the Four Levels of Measurement
 - 5) A
 - 6) A
 - 7) A
 - 8) A
 - 9) A
 - 10) A
 - 11) A
 - 12) A
 - 13) A
 - 14) A
 - 15) A
 - 16) A
 - 17) A 18) A
 - 10) 11
 - 19) A 20) A
 - 21) A
 - 22) A
 - 23) A
 - 24) A
 - 25) A

3 Concepts

26) Data at the ratio level are similar to data at the interval level, but with the added property that a zero entry is an inherent zero (implies "none"). Also, for data at the ratio level a ratio of two data values can be formed so that one data value can be expressed as a multiple of another.

27) Such data is at the interval level rather than the ratio level because the temperature of 0°C does not represent a condition where no heat is present, so it is not an inherent zero as required by the ratio level. Also, ratios of two temperatures cannot be formed so that one data value is expressed as a multiple of the other. The temperature 2°C is not twice as warm as 1°C.

1.3 Data Collection and Experimental Design

1 Decide on Methods of Data Collection

- 1) A
- 2) A
- 3) A
- 4) A
- 5) A

2 Identify a Biased Sample

- 6) The study may be biased because it is limited to people with computers.
- 7) A report sponsored by the citrus industry is much more likely to reach conclusions favorable to the industry.
- 8) The wording of the question is biased, as it tends to encourage negative responses.

3 Identify Sampling Techniques

- 9) A
- 10) A
- 11) A
- 12) A
- 13) A
- 14) A
- 15) A
- 16) A
- 17) A
- 18) A
- 19) A
- 20) A
- 21) A
- 22) A
- 23) 163, 169, 15, 92, 97
- 24) 163, 487, 693, 169, 513
- 25) 16, 34, 69, 38, 13
- 26) 1634, 3890, 1695, 1392, 1509

4 Concepts

- 27) In stratified sampling, members of the population are divided into two or more subsets, or strata, that share a similar characteristic. A sample is then randomly selected from each of the strata. A stratified sample has members from each segment of the population. In cluster sampling, the population is divided into naturally occurring subgroups, each having similar characteristics. All of the members in one or more (but not all) of the clusters are then selected. In a cluster sample, care must be taken to ensure that all clusters have similar characteristics.
- 28) A census is a count or measure of an entire population, while a sampling is a count or measure of part of a population. A census provides complete information but is often expensive, difficult, and time consuming to perform especially if the population is large. A sampling is less expensive and time consuming, however appropriate sampling techniques must be used to ensure that unbiased data are collected and that the sample is representative of the population. Even with the best sampling methods, sampling error can occur.