

Chapter 01: Introduction to Medical Terminology

Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. abnormal condition
- b. deficient
- c. excessive
- d. pain, suffering
- e. surgical removal

1. *-algia*

ANSWER: d

2. *-ectomy*

ANSWER: e

3. *hyper-*

ANSWER: c

4. *hypo-*

ANSWER: b

5. *-osis*

ANSWER: a

Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. excessive bleeding
- b. flow or discharge
- c. rupture
- d. surgical repair
- e. surgical suturing

6. *-plasty*

ANSWER: d

7. *-rrhage*

ANSWER: a

8. *-rrhaphy*

ANSWER: e

9. *-rrhea*

ANSWER: b

10. *-rrhexis*

ANSWER: c

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Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. abnormal hardening
 - b. surgical incision
 - c. bad, difficult, painful
 - d. creation of an artificial opening
 - e. inflammation
11. *dys-*

ANSWER: c

12. *-itis*

ANSWER: e

13. *-ostomy*

ANSWER: d

14. *-otomy*

ANSWER: b

15. *-sclerosis*

ANSWER: a

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. subjective evidence of disease
 - b. objective evidence of disease
 - c. signs and symptoms that occur together
 - d. sudden onset of a disease
 - e. temporary disappearance of symptoms
16. acute

ANSWER: d

17. remission

ANSWER: e

18. sign

ANSWER: b

19. symptom

ANSWER: a

20. syndrome

ANSWER: c

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Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. any disease of the stomach
 - b. frequent watery stools
 - c. pertaining to the lining of an artery
 - d. swelling
 - e. formation of pus
21. diarrhea

ANSWER: b

22. edema

ANSWER: d

23. endarterial

ANSWER: c

24. gastrosis

ANSWER: a

25. suppuration

ANSWER: e

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. torn and jagged wound
 - b. higher-than-normal blood pressure
 - c. localized response to a tissue injury
 - d. lower-than-normal blood pressure
 - e. pathologic tissue change caused by disease or injury
26. hypertension

ANSWER: b

27. hypotension

ANSWER: d

28. inflammation

ANSWER: c

29. laceration

ANSWER: a

30. lesion

ANSWER: e

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Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. abnormal passage between organs
 - b. crack-like sore of the skin
 - c. identification of a disease
 - d. prediction of a disease outcome
 - e. the study of all aspects of diseases
31. diagnosis

ANSWER: c

32. fissure

ANSWER: b

33. fistula

ANSWER: a

34. pathology

ANSWER: e

35. prognosis

ANSWER: d

36. A pathologic change or disease of muscle tissue is known as _____.

ANSWER: myopathy

37. The term _____ means pain in a joint or joints.

ANSWER: arthralgia

38. A/An _____ is a mature red blood cell.

ANSWER: erythrocyte

39. A/An _____, such as *laser*, is a word formed from the initial letter or letters of the major parts of a compound term.

ANSWER: acronym

40. The term _____ means between, but not within, the parts of a tissue.

ANSWER: interstitial

41. The surgical puncture of the abdominal cavity to remove fluid is known as _____.

ANSWER: abdominocentesis

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42. The term _____ is used to describe any acute, inflammatory, pus-forming bacterial skin infection, such as impetigo.

ANSWER: pyoderma

43. The blue discoloration of the skin caused by a lack of adequate oxygen in the blood is known as _____.

ANSWER: cyanosis

44. The process of producing a radiographic study of blood vessels after the injection of a contrast medium is known as _____.

ANSWER: angiography

45. The term _____ means pertaining to a virus.

ANSWER: viral

46. A/An _____ is the surgical removal of the appendix.

ANSWER: appendectomy

47. The term _____ describes a pounding or racing heart.

ANSWER: palpitation

48. The medical term meaning suturing together the ends of a severed nerve is _____.

ANSWER: neurorrhaphy

49. The term _____ describes a disease named for the person who first discovered it.

ANSWER: eponym

50. Greg was injured in an auto accident. The EMS team referred to his injuries as _____.

ANSWER: trauma

51. The abnormal hardening of the walls of an artery or arteries is known as _____.

ANSWER: arteriosclerosis

52. A feeling of general discomfort or uneasiness that is often the first indication of an infection is known as _____.

ANSWER: malaise

53. The _____ are the bones of the fingers and toes.

ANSWER: phalanges

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54. The term _____ means within the muscle.

ANSWER: intramuscular

55. The act of rotating the arm so that the palm of the hand is forward or upward is known as _____.

ANSWER: supination

56. A/An _____ is the surgical creation of an artificial excretory opening between the colon and the body surface.

ANSWER: colostomy

57. The medical term meaning an inflammation of the stomach is _____.

ANSWER: gastritis

58. The term _____ means pertaining to birth.

ANSWER: natal

59. The term _____ describes discomfort due to the regurgitation of stomach acid upward into the esophagus.

ANSWER: pyrosis

60. A/An _____ is a physician who specializes in diagnosing and treating disorders of the skin.

ANSWER: dermatologist

61. The term _____ means the medical screening of patients to determine their relative priority of need.

ANSWER: triage

62. The study of disorders of the newborn is known as _____.

ANSWER: neonatology

63. The study of the ears, nose, and throat is known as _____.

ANSWER: otorhinolaryngology

64. A/An _____ is the loss of a large amount of blood in a short time.

ANSWER: hemorrhage

65. The term _____ describes an examination technique using the examiner's hands.

ANSWER: palpation

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66. The term _____ describes any abnormal condition or disease caused by a fungus.

ANSWER: mycosis

67. Abnormal enlargement of the liver is known as _____.

ANSWER: hepatomegaly

68. The term _____ means above or outside the ribs.

ANSWER: supracostal

69. The term _____ means pain in the stomach.

ANSWER: gastralgia

70. Commonly known as polio, _____ is a viral infection of the gray matter of the spinal cord.

ANSWER: poliomyelitis

71. The term _____ describes an inflammation of the stomach and small intestine.

ANSWER: gastroenteritis

72. The rupture of a muscle is known as _____.

ANSWER: myorrhexis

73. The medical term for an inflammation of the tonsils is _____.

ANSWER: tonsillitis

74. The term _____ describes any pathologic change or disease in the spinal cord.

ANSWER: myelopathy

75. A/An _____ is the invasion of the body by a disease-producing organism.

ANSWER: infection

76. Which combining form means white?

- a. *cyan/o*
- b. *erythr/o*
- c. *leuk/o*
- d. *melan/o*

ANSWER: c

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77. Which prefix means between or among?

- a. *inter-*
- b. *intra-*
- c. *sub-*
- d. *supra-*

ANSWER: a

78. Which term describes the time and events surrounding birth?

- a. prenatal
- b. perinatal
- c. postnatal
- d. virile

ANSWER: b

79. In the term *otorhinolaryngology*, which word part means ear?

- a. *laryng/o*
- b. *-ology*
- c. *ot/o*
- d. *rhin/o*

ANSWER: c

80. Which word part means abnormal softening?

- a. *-megaly*
- b. *-malacia*
- c. *-stenosis*
- d. *-necrosis*

ANSWER: b

81. The medical term for surgical repair of a muscle is _____.

- a. myorrhaphy
- b. neuroplasty
- c. myoplasty
- d. mucous

ANSWER: c

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82. The abnormal narrowing of an artery or arteries is known as _____.
a. arteriostenosis
b. arterionecrosis
c. arteriomalacia
d. arteriosclerosis

ANSWER: a

83. _____ means an organ or body part that is not working properly.
a. Abnormal
b. Eupnea
c. Dysfunctional
d. Exudate

ANSWER: c

84. This word part means plaque or fatty substance.
a. *arteri/o*
b. *ather/o*
c. *arthr/o*
d. *ab-*

ANSWER: b

85. This term means a surgical incision for the removal of a stone.
a. colotomy
b. lithotomy
c. subcostal
d. arthroscopy

ANSWER: b

86. Inflammation of the appendix is known as _____.
a. pyelitis
b. tonsillectomy
c. appendicitis
d. gastrodynia

ANSWER: c

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87. _____ is any condition of unusual deposits of black pigment in body tissues or organs
- a. Melanosis
 - b. Leukocyte
 - c. Ileum
 - d. Ilium

ANSWER: a

88. A condition in which one or more body parts are not functioning normally.
- a. chronic
 - b. differential diagnosis
 - c. addiction
 - d. disease

ANSWER: d

89. This term is an adjective that means pertaining to the heart.
- a. cranium
 - b. cardiac
 - c. otolaryngology
 - d. mucus

ANSWER: b

90. A word part meaning large, abnormal size, or long.
- a. *micr/o*
 - b. *megal/o*
 - c. *macro-*
 - d. *hyper-*

ANSWER: c

91. This word part means either bone marrow or spinal cord.
- a. *myel/o*
 - b. *myc/o*
 - c. *my/o*
 - d. *poli/o*

ANSWER: a

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92. The word part _____ refers to the renal pelvis, which is part of the kidney.
- a. *py/o*
 - b. *pyr/o*
 - c. *pyel/o*
 - d. *pre-*

ANSWER: c

93. The part of the term which contains the basic meaning of the term is the _____.
- a. combining form
 - b. word root
 - c. prefix
 - d. suffix

ANSWER: b

94. The suffix _____ means the process of producing a picture or record.
- a. *-gram*
 - b. *-graphy*
 - c. *-scopy*
 - d. *-ology*

ANSWER: b

95. A word part meaning a surgical puncture to remove fluid for diagnostic purposes.
- a. *-rrhagia*
 - b. *olig/o*
 - c. *-dynia*
 - d. *-centesis*

ANSWER: d

96. A prefix meaning toward, or in the direction of.
- a. *ex-*
 - b. *ad-*
 - c. *in-*
 - d. *post-*

ANSWER: b

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97. This word part means right side.

- a. *dextr/o*
- b. *sinistr/o*
- c. *eu-*
- d. *-ologist*

ANSWER: a

98. Which combining form means nerve?

- a. *gastr/o*
- b. *hepat/o*
- c. *arthr/o*
- d. *neur/o*

ANSWER: d

99. The resulting film created by angiography is known as a/an _____.

- a. lithotomy
- b. angiogram
- c. appendicitis
- d. diagnosis

ANSWER: b